



Libyan International Medical University Faculty of Basic Medical Science

# OBESITY

- PTS 4
- 1\JUNE\2022
- ALI HASSAN JARGHON 3222



## **OBJECTEVES**

- INTRODUCTION TO OBESITY.
- OBESITY OVER THE WORLD.
- CLASSIFICATION OF OBESITY.
- ENERGY BALANCE & BODY MASS INDEX.
- CONSEQUENCES OF OBESITY.
- MANAGEMENT OF OBESITY.

## **OBESITY** IS A COMPLEX CONDITION, ONE WITH

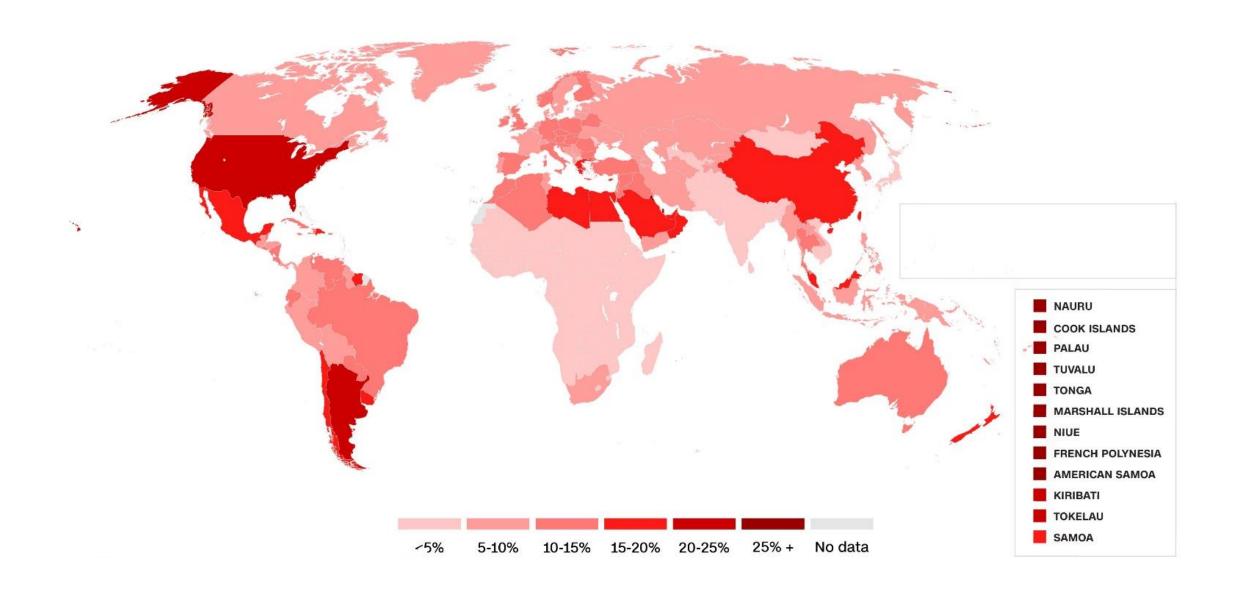
SERIOUS SOCIAL AND PHYSIOLOGICAL DIMENSIONS.



### In **2016**, more than:

1.9 billion adults (18 years and older) were overweight,
 over 650 million were obese.

Over 340 million children and adolescents aged 5-19
 were overweight or obese in 2016.



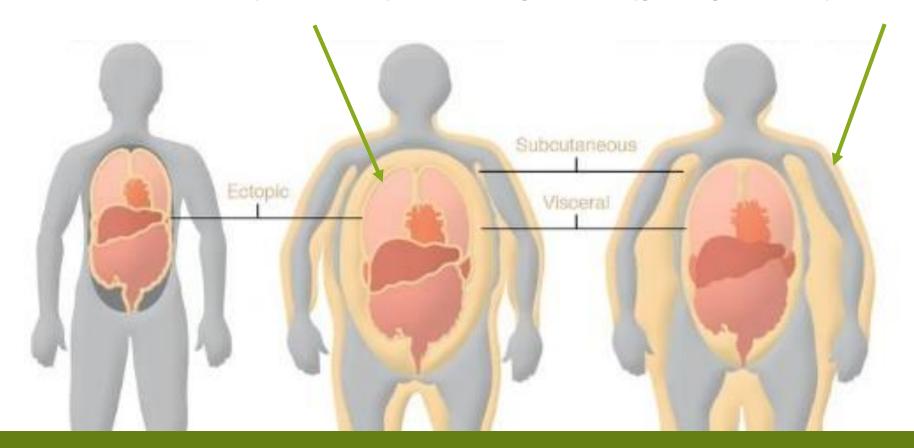
# **OBESITY** IS AN ABNORMAL HYPERTROPHY OR HYPERPLASIA OF ADIPOSE TISSUE..

LEADING TO EXCESSIVE FAT ACCUMULATION
THAT IS SUFFICIENT MAGNITUDE TO
PRODUCE ADVERSE **HEALTH EFFECTS**.

## **CLASSIFICATION OF OBESITY:**

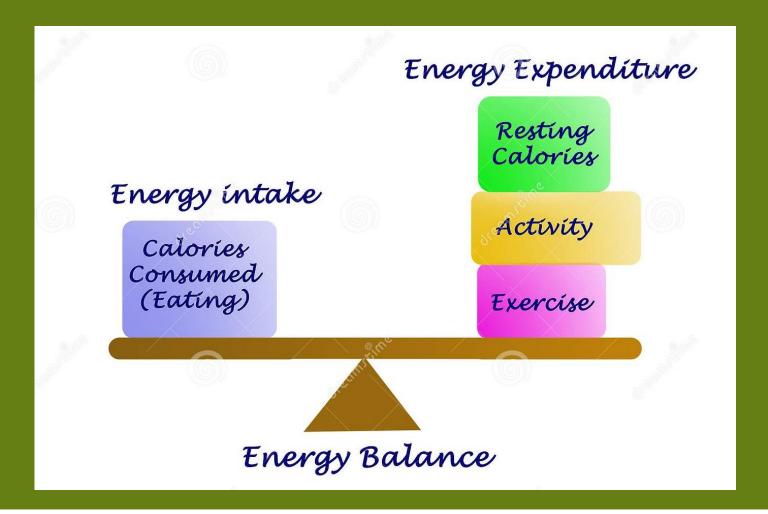
Visceral (central) obesity

Subcutaneous (peripheral) obesity



### **ENERGY BALANCE**

"INTAKE" & "EXPENDITURE"

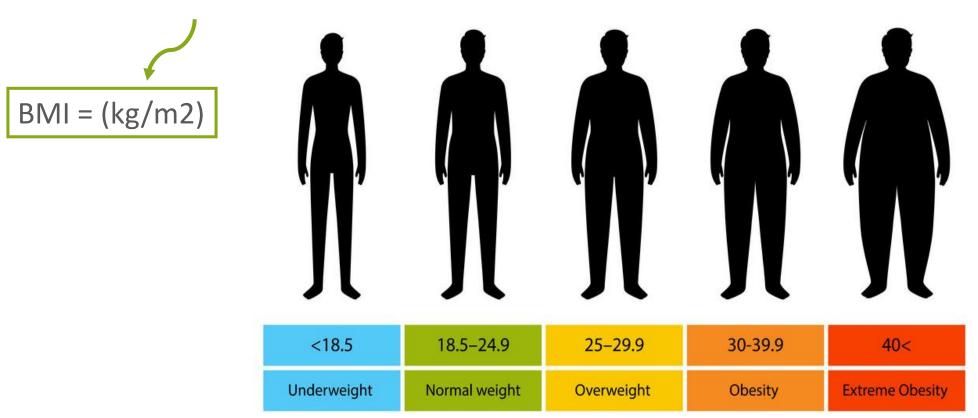


# OBESITY IS A DISORDER OF ENERGY BALANCE



### **BODY MASS INDEX**

WEIGHT IN KILOGRAMS DIVIDED BY THE SQUARE OF HEIGHT IN METERS

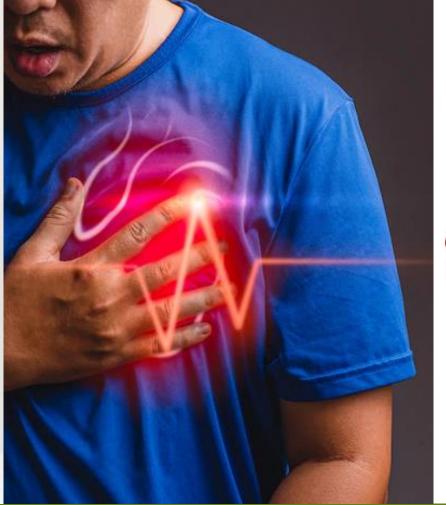


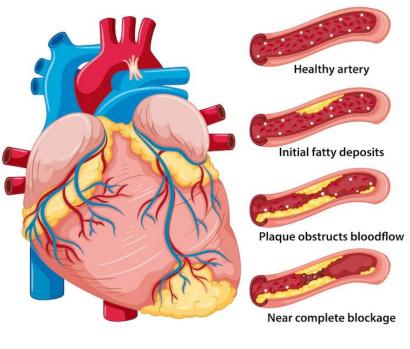
WHO defines overweight as a BMI equal to or more than 25, & obesity as a BMI equal to or more than 30.



# CONSEQUENCES OF OBESITY





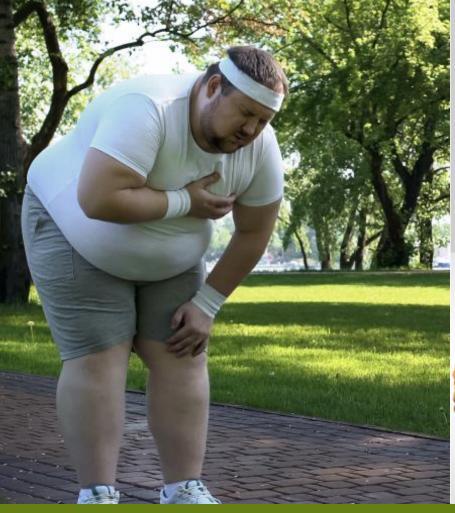


**HYPERTENSION** 

ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE

CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE

Cardiovascular diseases







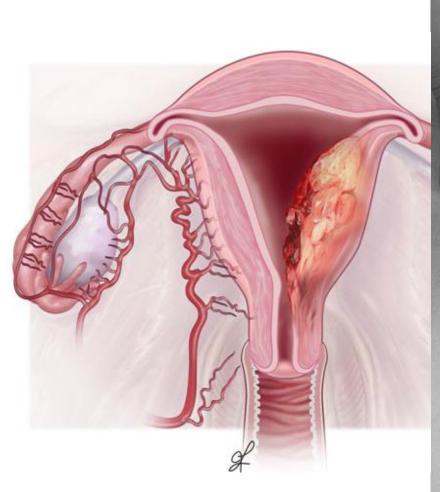


**HYPOVENTILATION** 

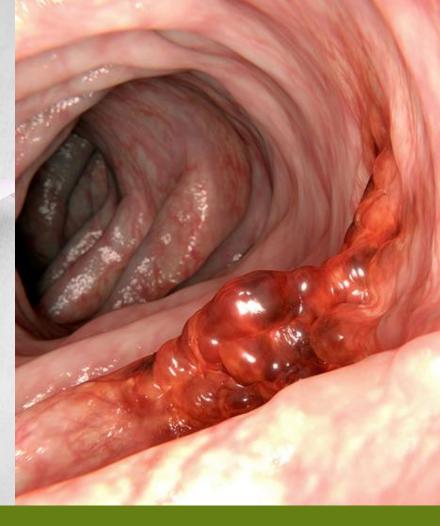
Respiratory Disorder LIVER DISEASES

**GIT** Diseases

Complications of pregnancy







ENDOMETRIAL CANCER

**BREAST CANCER** 

COLON CANCER

Cancers





#### At the individual level:

• Train children on good dietary practices and protect them from junk food.

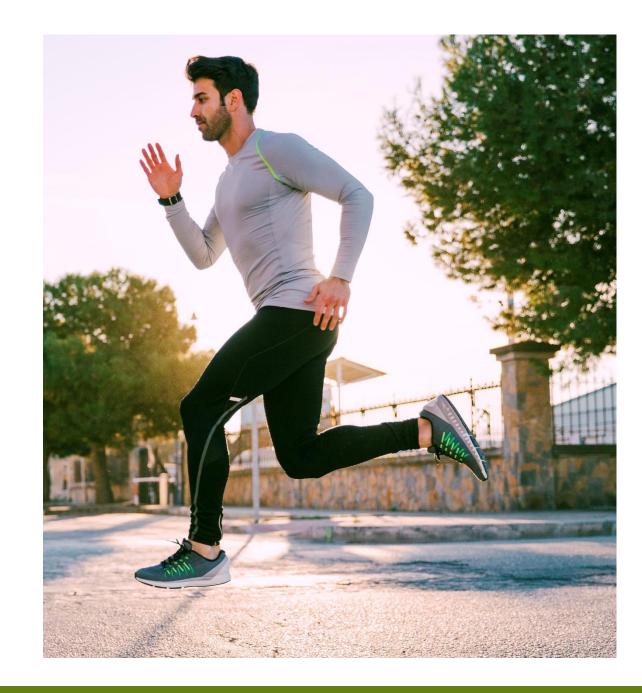
 Increase consumption of fruits and vegetables, as well as legumes, whole grains and nuts.



### At the individual level:

Increase physical activity—At least
 30 minutes of regular, moderate
 intensity activity on most days.

• Increase fibers in diet.



### At the individual level:

• Limit the intake of sugars.



Limit energy intake from total fats
 and shift fat consumption away from
 saturated fats to unsaturated fats.



- Encourage physical activity or limit sedentary activity among children and youth.
- Support healthy food and beverage choices.
- Encourage breastfeeding.
- Create safe communities that support physical activity

### **At Community level**

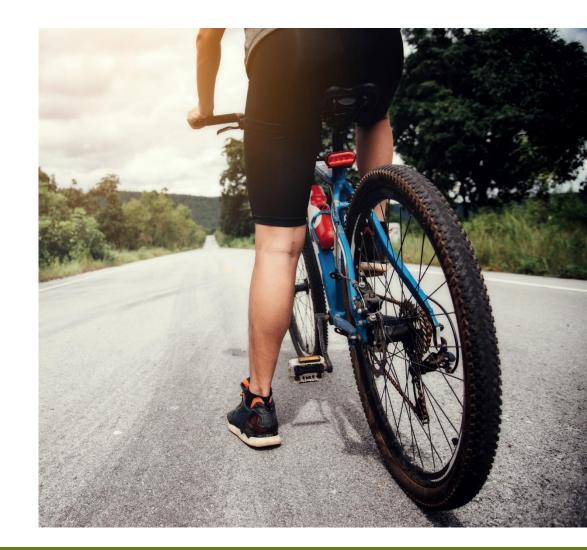


Increasing availability to healthier food.

Increasing the amount of physical education.

Enhancing infrastructure for bicycling/walking.

### **At Community level**



### THERE'S NO QUICK FIX FOR OBESITY

REMEMBER, that even losing what seems like a small amount of weight, such as 3% or more of your original body weight, and maintaining this for life, can significantly reduce your risk of developing obesity-related complications.

## REFERENCES

- HTTP://WWW.WORLDCAT.ORG/OCLC/939985462
- HTTP://WWW.WORLDCAT.ORG/OCLC/1000617291
- HTTPS://WWW.WHO.INT/NEWS-ROOM/FACT-SHEETS/DETAIL/OBESITY-AND-OVERWEIGHT
- HTTPS://WWW.RURALHEALTHINFO.ORG/
- HTTPS://EDITION.CNN.COM/2017/10/10/HEALTH/CHILD-ADOLESCENT-OBESITY-GLOBAL-

**INCREASE/INDEX.HTML** 

# THANKYOU