



# Libya international medical university business administration



## Different between electoral policies in several democracy

Student name:- nusaiba Mohamed  
Student ID:- 1861





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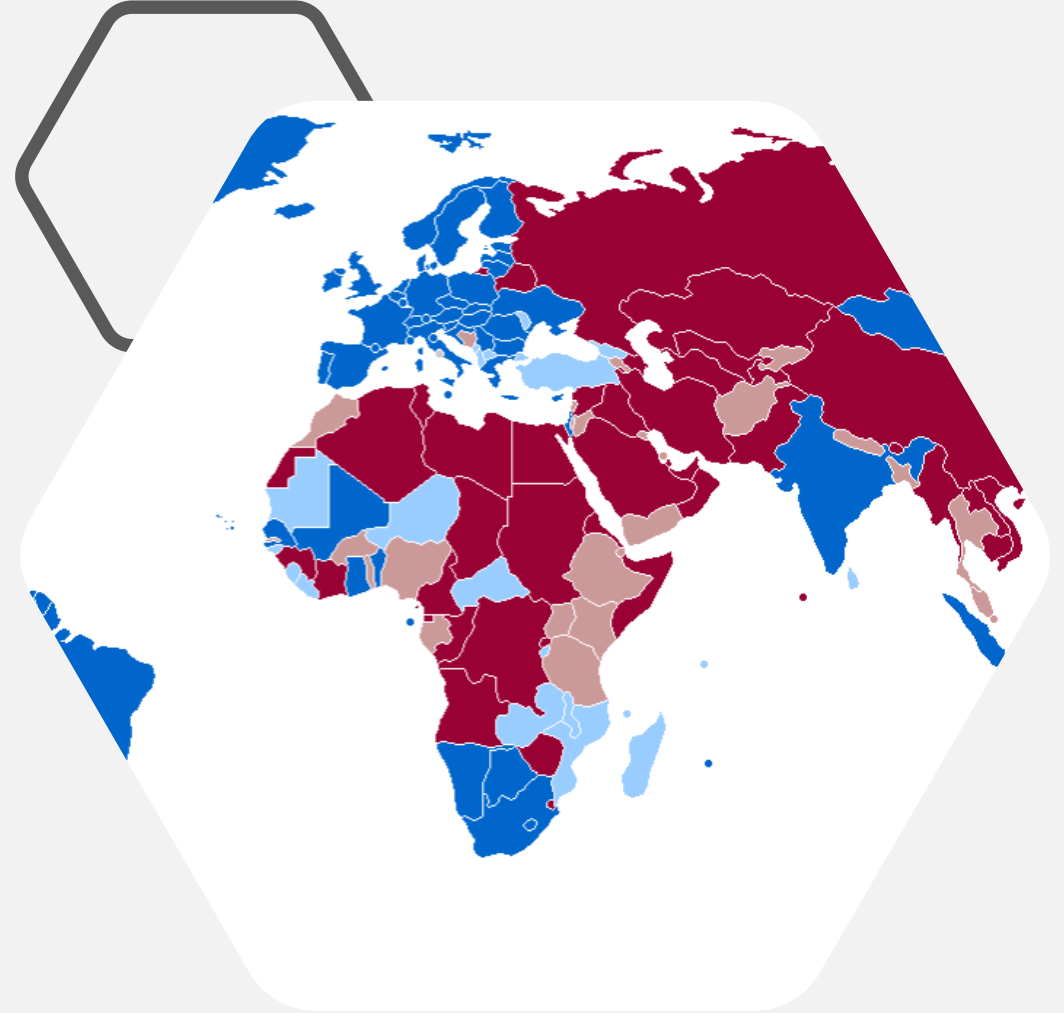
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# Introduction

## Electoral system

An electoral system is a set of rules that determine how elections and referendums are conducted and how their results are determined. Political electoral systems are organized by government, while non-political elections may take place in business, [non-profit organisations](#) and informal organizations.



# Types of election system

## Plurality systems

Is a system in which the candidates with the highest number of voting wins with no requirement to get a majority of voting. In cases where there is a Signal position to be filled, it is known as [first-past-the-post](#); his is the second most common electoral system for national legislatures, with 58 countries using it to elect their legislatures.



# Types of election system

## Majoritarian systems

Is a system in which candidates have to receive a majority of the votes to be elected, although in some cases only a plurality is required in the last round of counting if no candidate can achieve a majority. There are two main forms of majoritarian systems, one using a single round of [ranked voting](#) and the other using two or more rounds.



# Types of election system

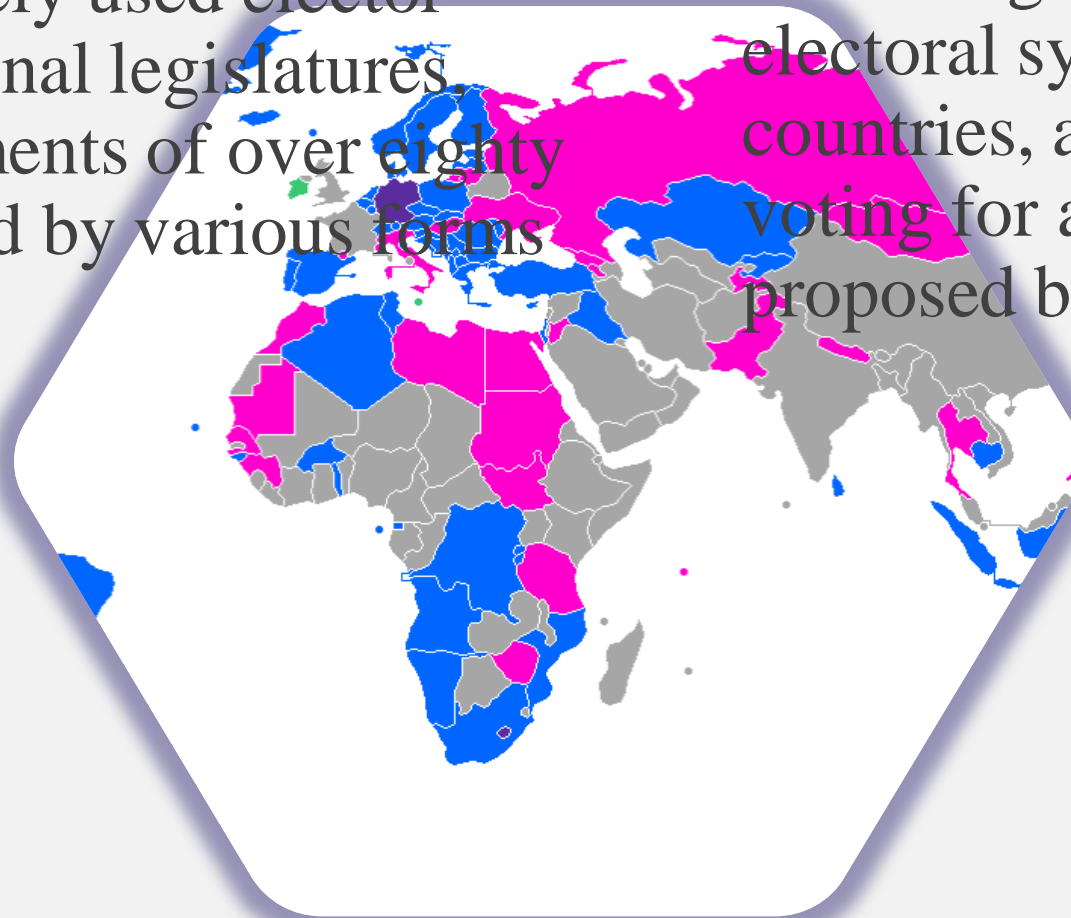
## Proportional systems

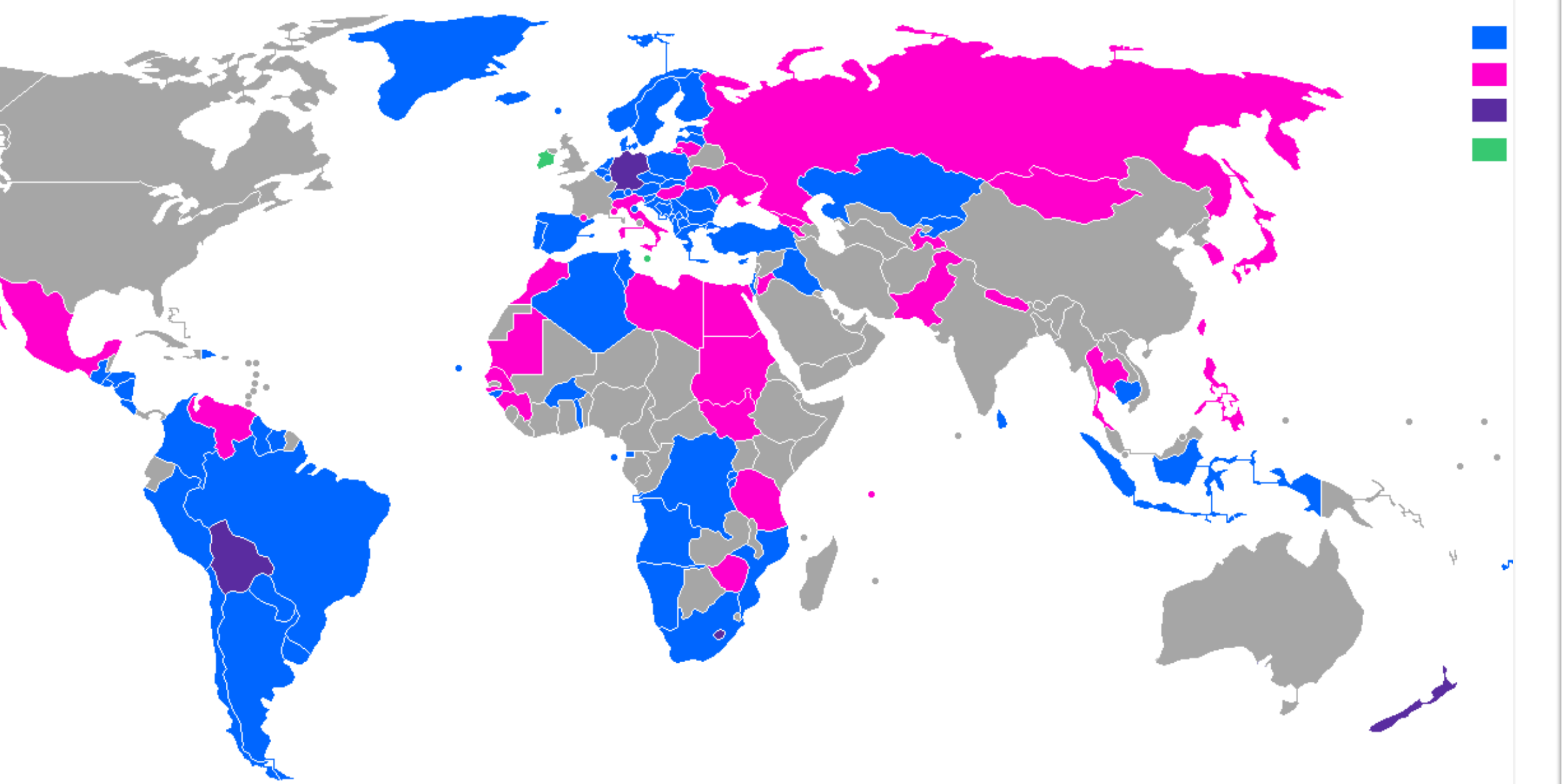
### Proportional representation

- Is the most widely used electoral system for national legislatures, with the parliaments of over eighty countries elected by various forms of the system.

### Party-list proportional representation

- is the single most common electoral system and is used by 80 countries, and involves voters voting for a list of candidates proposed by a party.

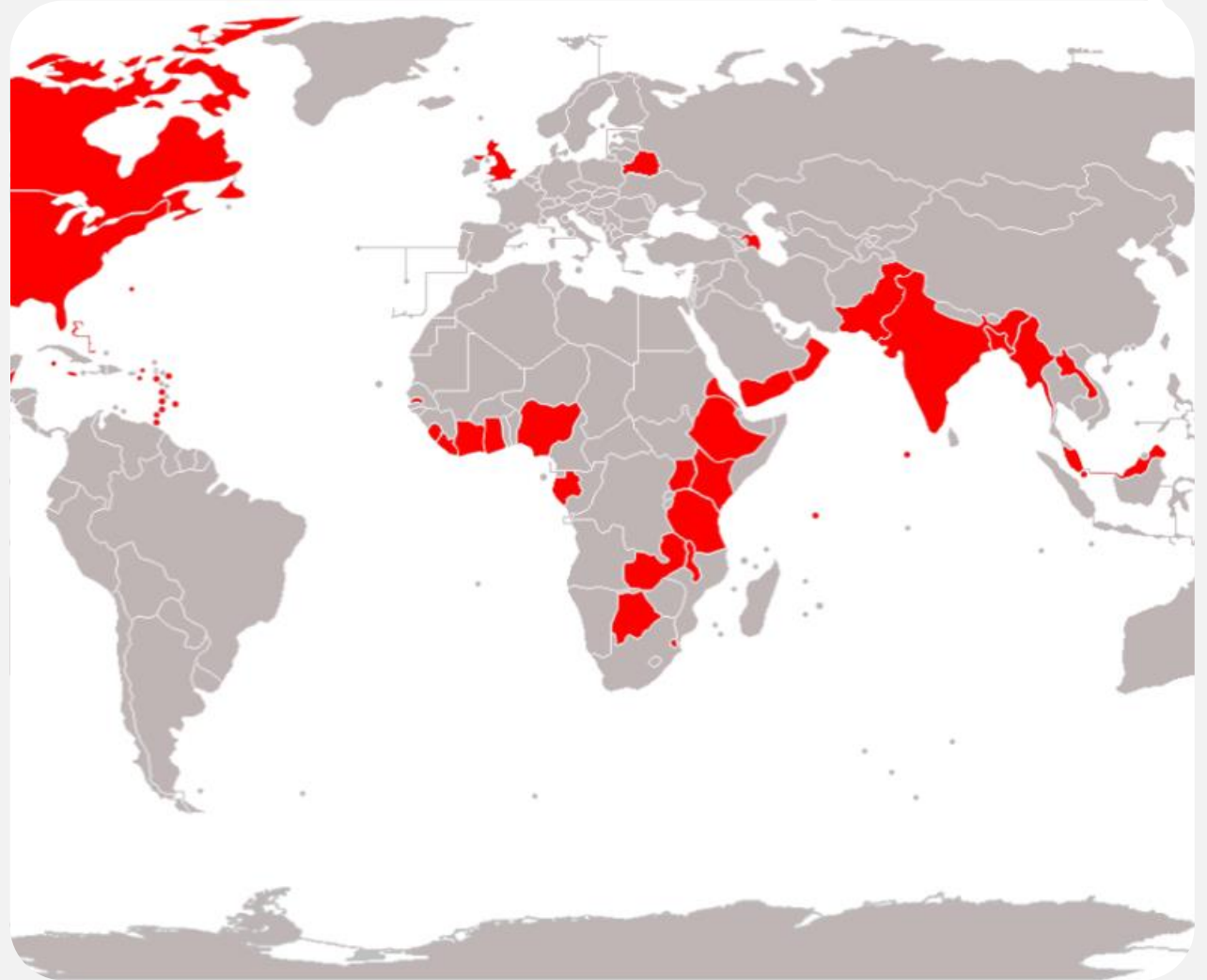




# Types of election system

## Mixed system

In several countries, mixed systems are used to elect the legislature. These includes parallel voting and mixed-member proportional representation parallel voting systems, there are two methods by which members of a legislature are elected; part of the membership is elected by a plurality or majority vote in single-member constituencies and the other part by proportional representation.

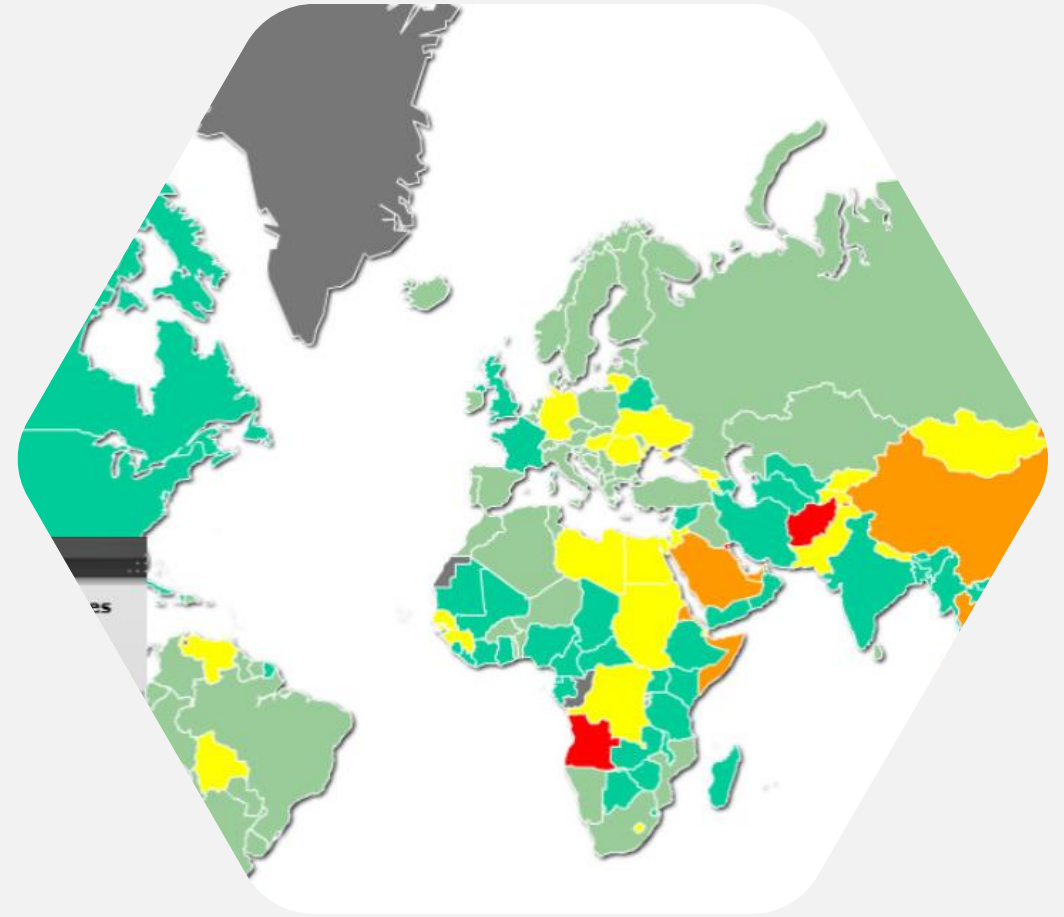




# Types of election system

## Primary elections

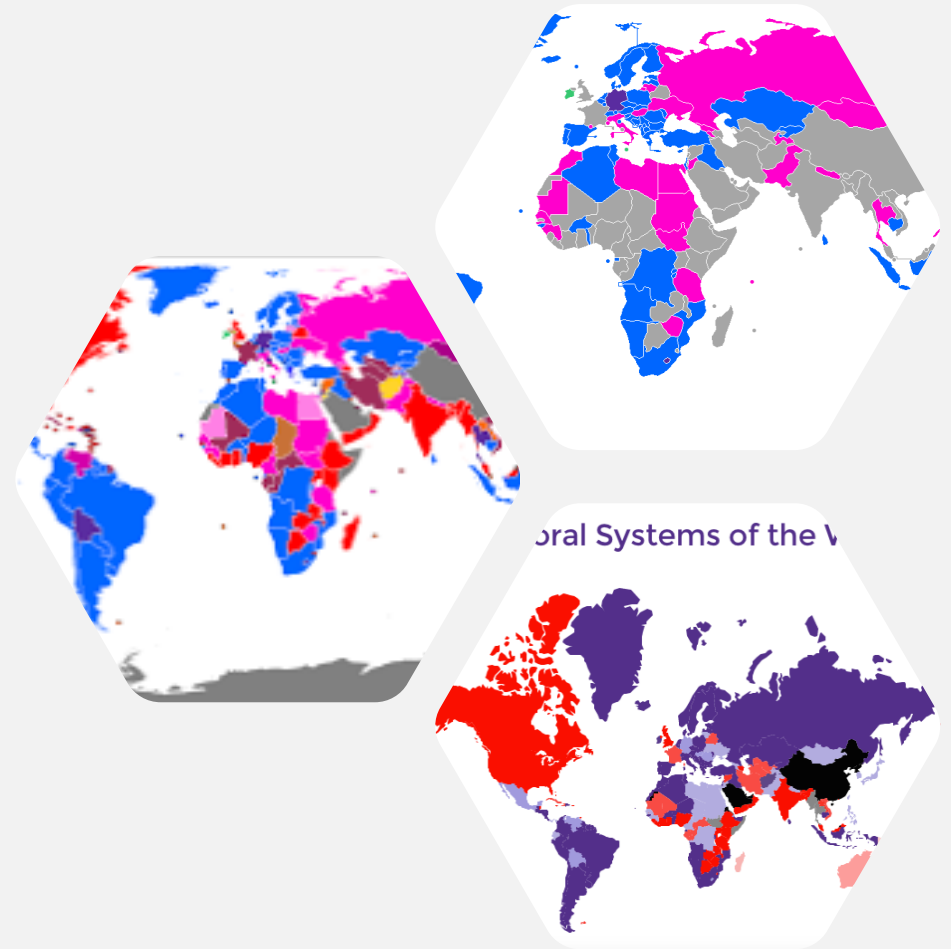
Primary elections are the feature of some electoral systems either as a formal part of the electoral system or informally by choice of individual political parties as a method of selecting candidates, as is the case in Italy.



# Types of election system

## Indirect elections

Some elections feature an indirect electoral system, whereby there ethics no popular vote, or the popular vote is only one stage of the election; in these system the final vote is usually taken by an electro college.



# Types of election system

## Systems used outside politics

In addition of various electoral system in use in the politic sphere there are numerous others, some of which have been adopted for usage in business.





# Conclusion

. An electro system a sat of rules that determine how election and referendums are conduct and how there results are determined.



# Reference

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[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electoral\\_system](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electoral_system)